

## St. Vladímír Orthodox Church

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# VENERABLE ANANIAS THE ICONOGRAPHER July 14, 2024

# HOLY GREAT PRINCE VLADIMIR (BASIL IN BAPTISM), EQUAL OF THE APOSTLES, AND ENLIGHTENER OF RUS' July 15, 2024

#### TROPARION, KONTAKION & PROKEIMENON

#### **Troparion - Tone 2**

When <u>Thou</u> didst descend to death, O Life im<u>mor</u>tal, Thou didst slay hell with the splendor of Thy <u>God</u>head. And <u>when</u> from the depths Thou didst <u>raise</u> the dead, all the powers of <u>heav</u>en cried out:// "O Giver of life, Christ our <u>God</u>, <u>glory</u> to Thee!"

#### **Troparion – Tone 8**

Thou art most <u>glo</u>rious, O <u>Christ</u> our God, Who hast es<u>tab</u>lished the <u>Ho</u>ly Fathers as <u>lights</u> on the earth. Through them Thou hast <u>guid</u>ed us to the <u>True</u> Faith.// O greatly com<u>passionate One</u>, <u>glo</u>ry to Thee!

#### Kontakion - Tone 2

<u>Hell</u> became afraid, O almighty <u>Savior</u>, seeing the miracle of Thy Resur<u>rec</u>tion from the tomb! The <u>dead</u> arose! Creation, with Adam, beheld this and rejoiced with Thee,// and the world, my Savior, praises <u>Thee</u> for<u>ev</u>er.

#### **Kontakion - Tone 8**

The Apostles' <u>preaching</u> and the <u>Fathers</u>' doctrines have established one <u>Faith</u> for the Church. Adorned with the <u>robe</u> of truth, <u>wo</u>ven from heavenly the<u>ology</u>,// It defines and <u>glo</u>rifies the great <u>mys</u>tery of <u>piety</u>.

#### Prokeimenon - Tone 2

The Lord is my strength and my song; / He has become my salvation.

V. The Lord has chastened me sorely, but He has not given me over to death.

#### Prokeimenon - Tone 4

Blessed art Thou, O Lord God of our fathers, / and praised and glorified is Thy Name forever!

#### LITURGICAL COMMEMORATION

### <u>July 14<sup>th</sup> - Venerable Ananias the Iconographer</u>

Saint Ananias was born in Russia and was tonsured in the Monastery of Saint Antony the Roman at Novgorod. God endowed him with a gift for painting icons, and he exercised this talent for the glory of the Lord. The Venerable Ananias painted "marvelous icons of many holy wonderworkers." For thirty-three years, he never went beyond the Monastery fence.

Historical records do not agree about the year of his repose. Some say that he went to the Lord in 1521, 1561, or 1581. His relics are buried in a hidden place at the Monastery. Saint Ananias is commemorated on June 17 and on the third Sunday after Pentecost (Synaxis of the Novgorod Saints). (Movable Feast).

#### July 15<sup>th</sup> -Holy Great Prince Vladimir (Basil in Baptism), Equal of the Apostles and Enlightener of Rus'

The Holy Equal of the Apostles and Great Prince Vladimir, the youngest son of Prince Svyatoslav of Kiev, was born in 963. He was only six years old when his grandmother, the Holy Princess Olga (July 11), who had raised him, reposed, and his father sent him to reign in Novgorod under the tutelage of the voivode Dobryn, his mother's brother. Princess Malusha, who still bore her Scandinavian name Malchrid, was a Christian. After Saint Vladimir converted to Christianity and founded the church of the Tithes at Kiev, she donated her estate to it.

Saint Olga's son Prince Svyatoslav was killed in battle with the Pechenegs three years after his mother's repose. Then his sons' tutors fought a war among themselves. Christian Kiev and pagan Novgorod struggled for supremacy. After the death of his father Svyatoslav in 972, Prince Vladimir of Novgorod was forced to flee to Scandinavia in 976, Vladimir's brother Yaropolk murdered his other brother Oleg of Drelinia and conquered Rus'. For the rest of his life Prince Vladimir mourned their deaths.

At the age of seventeen he began to rule on his own. He spent the first six years of his reign on military campaigns, leading his army personally, reconquering Novgorod from Yaropolk. By 980, Vladimir had consolidated the territory of Kievan Rus' from what is now Belarus, Russia, and Ukraine to the Baltic Sea. In addition, he strengthened the frontiers against the incursions of Bulgarians, Baltic tribes, and Eastern nomads.

All the Slavic tribes from the Carpathians and the Neman, and the city of Gorodyon (Grodno) to Beloozero, Anka and Volga united to form a single whole – the Russian land (Русскую земло), and they were called Russians. In gratitude for his victory at Kiev he set up idols of pagan gods - Perun and Beles - and offered them human sacrifices. In ancient times, the Slavs did not have idols and sacrifices, but adopted them much later from other pagan lands.

In the VI century, the Greeks said of them: "They recognize one God as the Ruler of the whole world." He was called Svarog, which means "blue sky." Perun, Veles, and other, lesser deities were thought to be his children. The Slavs believed in the immortality of the soul and in the afterlife, which predisposed them toward Christianity.

In the year 860 the Russians attacked Constantinople from the sea, but the Greeks immersed the robe of the Most Holy Theotokos in the ocean. The sea became agitated, and the Russian ships were swept away and retreated. After that, they sent an embassy to Constantinople to request Baptism. This was the first Baptism of Rus'.

Also in 860 Saint Cyril, the enlightener of the Slavs, baptized 200 families in the southern Russian steppes. He made his own translation of the Gospel and the Psalter. Metropolitan Michael was sent to care for the converts, and the Prince gathered the people and called them to be baptized. The elders agreed, but they demanded a miracle. They wanted a Gospel book to be thrown into the fire without being burnt. The Gospel was thrown in, the miracle occurred, and the people were baptized. This was the second Baptism of Rus'.

The third took place under Princess Olga. By that time, there were already many Christians in Kiev and there was a church dedicated to the Prophet Elijah. After Saint Olga's repose, the spread of Christianity was halted temporarily, but not for long. The time of Prince Vladimir had come.

In those days, Kiev was a large trading city. Merchants came from all over the world, as well as preachers of various religions. Saint Vladimir wanted to unite his people, not just under one government, but also under one Faith. The Prince sent envoys to various countries to see which religion would be most suitable for his people. When Vladimir's emissaries returned from Constantinople, they told him that when they stood in the church of Hagia Sophia (Holy Wisdom), they did not know "whether they were on earth or in heaven."

Kiev was located on a great waterway from the Varangian region to Constantinople; that is, from Scandinavia to the Byzantine Empire. The proximity of Orthodox Constantinople may have influenced Saint Vladimir, and the memory of Christianity, recently destroyed by Svyatoslav, was revived. According to the XI century writer Jacob Mnikh, the young Prince Vladimir remembered the example of his grandmother, Princess Olga, "the wisest of men," as she was called by her contemporaries. Furthermore, he could not help being influenced by the example of his mother, the Christian Princess Malusha, as well. The heroic death of Holy Protomartyrs Theodore and his son John (July 12) in 983 also made a lasting impression on him.

In one Icelandic saga it is said that in his youth, King Olaf of Norway had lived for a long time at the court of "the Gardarikian king Vol'demar" (Gardarika, that is, the land of cities. The Scandinavians called it Northwestern Russia). When he reached adulthood, he left there on military campaigns, according to the custom of the Scandinavians of that time. While upon the sea, he heard a heavenly voice calling him to Constantinople, where he would come to know the only true God. There he was baptized, and on the way back, he stopped to see King Vol'demar and urged him to convert to Christianity. When he returned from his campaign as a Christian, King Olaf encouraged his people to be baptized.

Prince Vladimir, however, was still a pagan, and he adhered to pagan customs. He also had five wives. How he was brought to Christ, and how his conversion was took place, remains a mystery.

Metropolitan Hilarion († 1053) in his "Word of Law and Grace," addressed the departed Great Prince Vladimir, saying, "How did you believe? How was your mind moved to love what is unseen, and to strive for heavenly things? You have not seen any Apostle who, after coming to your land, inclined your heart to humility. Guided only by your kind heart and sharp mind, you realized that there is one God."

He continued: "Upon him came a visitation of the Most High, and the eye of the All-Merciful God looked upon him; and a thought shone forth in his heart - he realized the futility of idol worship, and sought the one God, the Creator of all things, both visible and invisible. He had heard about the Orthodox, and the strong Christ-loving faith of the Byzantine Empire, who honor the one God in Trinity, and worship Him. When he heard all this, he was aflame in spirit, and with all his heart he longed to be a Christian, and to convert his entire land to Christianity."

As to the reason for the conversion of Saint Vladimir to Christ, another writer of the XI century, Saint Nestor the Chronicler (October 27) states in his Life of Saints Boris and Gleb: "In those years there was a Prince named Vladimir, who ruled the Russian land. He was righteous and merciful to the poor, to orphans, and to widows, but he was a pagan. God intervened and made him a Christian, just like Saint Eustathios Plakidas (September 20). So Prince Vladimir became a Christian, receiving the name Basil at his Baptism."

Although Venerable Nestor the Chronicler pointed out that the Holy Prince Vladimir's experience was similar to that of Saint Eustathios, the exact details are not known. Meanwhile, by the will of God, external events led Saint Vladimir to the fulfillment of his desire. The Byzantine Emperors Constantine and Basil asked Vladimir to help them put down the revolt of Phokas. Vladimir agreed, but asked for the hand of Princess Anna Porphyrogenita, in return. The Emperors agreed, and sent clergy and the sacred utensils required for the Baptism of Rus'.

But when Vladimir defeated Phokas, they did not fulfill their obligations. Then Vladimir conquered Korsun, thereby forcing the Emperors to keep their promise. He returned Korsun to the Greeks as a ransom for his bride. His army was baptized and, according to the "Tale of the Baptism of Russia," he himself was baptized. This was in 988, and the Chronicle says that before Baptism he became blind, but received his sight when he came out of the water. However, Jacob Mnikh (XI century) writes that Vladimir captured Korsun when he was already a Christian, and that he was baptized in 987 at his estate Vasiliev (now Vasilkov).

When Prince Vladimir returned to Kiev, the Orthodox priests who came with him were obviously Bulgarians (Bulgaria was then subject to the Byzantine Empire). They baptized the people of Kiev at the confluence of the river, then called Khreshchatyk, with the Dnieper. They brought with them liturgical books translated into Slavonic by Saints Cyril and Methodios (May 11), the enlighteners of the Slavs. With them was Metropolitan Michael of Kiev (June 15, September 30). At Kiev, where people had heard of Christianity, the Faith was quickly established. In the north, at Novgorod, Rostov, and Murom, paganism lasted longer, and it took a great deal of effort for princes and preachers to uproot it.

Prince Vladimir was twenty-five years old at the Baptism of Rus'. With all the fervor of youth, he began to fulfill the precepts of Christ, especially those about helping the poor, sick and disadvantaged. This assistance was provided on a large scale. Throughout Russia, the poor were sought and were given everything they needed, and the sick also received treatment. During Saint Vladimir's reign, the state served the people, which was very unusual in those days. In ancient times there was no death penalty in Russia. Instead, there was a "penalty," that is, a monetary fine. Saint Vladimir confirmed this custom, saying: "I am afraid of sin." This custom became law and entered the Code of Laws compiled under his son, Great Prince Yaroslav under the name "Russkaya Pravda."

The people loved their Prince, praising him in songs and epics, calling him the Beautiful Sun. Saint Vladimir summoned the elders of the people from all over Russia for meetings and provided feasts for them. The memory of these feasts is also preserved in the epics. He built new cities, such as Volodymyr-Volynsky (where his palace once stood), Vladimir in the land of Suzdal, and others. He strengthened the boundaries of his possessions as a defense against the neighboring pagan tribes. In order to unite Russia, he sent his sons to rule in different cities: at Rostov, Murom, Novgorod, Polotsk, and other places. Soon the influence of the Varangians began to wane, and the importance of the Slavs increased. In Kiev, at the place where the Russian Protomartyrs Theodore and John were murdered, he built the church of the Tithes and dedicated it to the Dormition of the Most Holy Theotokos, donating a tenth of his income for its upkeep.

The Holy Prince Vladimir reposed on July 15, 1015 in his beloved village of Berestov and was buried in the church of the Tithes. A piece of his holy relics was kept in Holy Wisdom Cathedral, established by his son, Great Prince Yaroslav the Wise.

The Feast Day of Saint Vladimir was instituted by Saint Alexander Nevsky (November 23) after May 15, 1240, because of Saint Vladimir's help and intercession at Saint Alexander's renowned victory over the Crusaders at the Neva River. In Russia, the Church veneration of the Holy Prince began much earlier. In Saint Hilarion's "Word of Law and Grace," the holy Prince is called "an apostolic sovereign," similar to Saint Constantine (May 20); and his evangelization of the Russian land is likened to the preaching of the Gospel by the Holy Apostles.

Saint Vladimir is commemorated on July 15 (the day of his repose) and on the second Sunday of Great Lent, along with the Synaxis of the Venerable Fathers of the Kiev Caves, and all Saints who shone forth in Little Russia.

#### **EPISTLE & GOSPEL READINGS**

#### Epistle: Romans 5:1-10

Therefore, having been justified by faith, we have peace with God through our Lord Jesus Christ, through whom also we have access by faith into this grace in which we stand, and rejoice in hope of the glory of God. And not only that, but we also glory in tribulations, knowing that tribulation produces perseverance; and perseverance, character; and character, hope. Now hope does not disappoint, because the love of God has been poured out in our hearts by the Holy Spirit who was given to us. For when we were still without strength, in due time Christ died for the ungodly. For scarcely for a righteous man will one die; yet perhaps for a good man someone would even dare to die. But God demonstrates His own love toward us, in that while we were still sinners, Christ died for us. Much more then, having now been justified by His blood, we shall be saved from wrath through Him. For if when we were enemies we were reconciled to God through the death of His Son, much more, having been reconciled, we shall be saved by His life.

#### Epistle: Hebrews 13:7-16

Remember those who rule over you, who have spoken the word of God to you, whose faith follow, considering the outcome of their conduct. Jesus Christ is the same yesterday, today, and forever. Do not be carried about with various and strange doctrines. For it is good that the heart be established by grace, not with foods which have not profited those who have been occupied with them. We have an altar from which those who serve the tabernacle have no right to eat. For the bodies of those animals, whose blood is brought into the sanctuary by the high priest for sin, are burned outside the camp. Therefore Jesus also, that He might sanctify the people with His own blood, suffered outside the gate. Therefore let us go forth to Him, outside the camp, bearing His reproach. For here we have no continuing city, but we seek the one to come. Therefore by Him let us continually offer the sacrifice of praise to God, that is, the fruit of our lips, giving thanks to His name. But do not forget to do good and to share, for with such sacrifices God is well pleased.

#### Gospel: Matthew 6:22-33

The lamp of the body is the eye. If therefore your eye is good, your whole body will be full of light. But if your eye is bad, your whole body will be full of darkness. If therefore the light that is in you is darkness, how great is that darkness! No one can serve two masters; for either he will hate the one and love the other, or else he will be loyal to the one and despise the other. You cannot serve God and mammon. Therefore I say to you, do not worry about your life, what you will eat or what you will drink; nor about your body, what you will put on. Is not life more than food and the body more than clothing? Look at the birds of the air, for they neither sow nor reap nor gather into barns; yet your heavenly Father feeds them. Are you not of more value than they? Which of you by worrying can add one cubit to his stature? So why do you worry about clothing? Consider the lilies of the field, how they grow: they neither toil nor spin; and yet I say to you

that even Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of these. Now if God so clothes the grass of the field, which today is, and tomorrow is thrown into the oven, will He not much more clothe you, O you of little faith? Therefore do not worry, saying, 'What shall we eat?' or 'What shall we drink?' or 'What shall we wear?' For after all these things the Gentiles seek. For your heavenly Father knows that you need all these things. But seek first the kingdom of God and His righteousness, and all these things shall be added to you.

#### Gospel: John 17:1-13

Jesus spoke these words, lifted up His eyes to heaven, and said: "Father, the hour has come. Glorify Your Son, that Your Son also may glorify You, as You have given Him authority over all flesh, that He should give eternal life to as many as You have given Him. And this is eternal life, that they may know You, the only true God, and Jesus Christ whom You have sent. I have glorified You on the earth. I have finished the work which You have given Me to do. And now, O Father, glorify Me together with Yourself, with the glory which I had with You before the world was. I have manifested Your name to the men whom You have given Me out of the world. They were Yours, You gave them to Me, and they have kept Your word. Now they have known that all things which You have given Me are from You. For I have given to them the words which You have given Me; and they have received them, and have known surely that I came forth from You; and they have believed that You sent Me. I pray for them. I do not pray for the world but for those whom You have given Me, for they are Yours. And all Mine are Yours, and Yours are Mine, and I am glorified in them. Now I am no longer in the world, but these are in the world, and I come to You. Holy Father, keep through Your name those whom You have given Me, that they may be one as We are. While I was with them in the world, I kept them in Your name. Those whom You gave Me I have kept; and none of them is lost except the son of perdition, that the Scripture might be fulfilled. But now I come to You, and these things I speak in the world, that they may have My joy fulfilled in themselves.

#### PRAYERS FOR THE SICK, CAREGIVERS, AND DECEASED

To add a name, please email Darice at daricekeyes@gmail.com.

For the Sick / Caregiver		For the Deceased
Kelly (6/23)	Athena (7/7)	Pauline (7/14)
Liam (6/23)	Lynne (7/14)	Olga (7/14)
Carmine (6/30)	Matushka Mary (7/14)	Katherine (7/14)
Marianne (6/30)	Father Paul (7/14)	Edmund (7/14)
Serge (7/7)	Alexandra (7/14)	Arthur (7/14)
Melody (7/7)	Bill (7/14)	
Michael (7/7)	Fr. Paul Kucynda (7/14)	
Charlotte (7/7)	Dale (7/14)	

#### **SERVICES**

#### Service Schedule for the Week of July 14

Sunday July 14 – CELEBRATION OF ST VLADIMIR FEAST DAY 9:45 AM Hours, 10:00 AM Hierarchical Divine Liturgy followed by Banquet in Daria Hall

Monday July 15 - ST VLADIMIR FEAST DAY 9:30 AM Divine Liturgy

Saturday July 20 – 5:00 PM Vespers followed by Confession

Sunday July 21 – 9:45 AM Hours, 10:00 AM Divine Liturgy followed by Coffee Hour in Daria Hall

#### **DONATIONS**

**Weekly Giving** 

July 7 – 73 adults, 13 youth, \$3,085

#### PARISH ANNOUNCEMENTS

Father Volodymyr will be away Sunday July 21 and Sunday July 28. Father Bohdan will serve Vespers and Divine Liturgy both weekends. If you are in need of a priest while Father Volodymyr is away, please contact Father Bohdan at 732-486-9460.

There will be a series of Liturgical Music Workshops held at our church to further enhance our Choir's singing during church services. Mr. Nicholas Reeves will lead the Workshop - please check out his website at <u>nicholasreevesmusic.com</u>. This initiative is for current Choir Members as well as any other parishioners who are interested in joining the Church Choir. The goal of the Workshop is to establish greater competence for the Choir in portions of the Divine Liturgy as a means to encourage congregational participation. **The first session will be on Saturday, July 20** as follows. Additional sessions will be announced.

9:30 AM Beginning Prayer

10:00 AM Skill Set 1
11:00 AM Skill Set 2
12:00 PM Lunch
1:00 PM Skill Set 3
2:00 PM Skill Set 4
3:00 PM Review

4:00 PM End of Workshop

5:00 PM Vespers

#### Sunday, July 21:

9:00 AM Review and warm-up 9:50 AM Choir In place for Liturgy

10:00 AM Divine Liturgy

Please contact Father Volodymyr if you are going to participate in this Workshop. It is expected that current Choir Members will be in attendance, and we hope to see many new faces joining us! The church will pay for the Workshop and will also provide lunch for all in attendance, so there is no cost to individuals to participate.

If you are in need of a box of Offering Envelopes, please see Alex Brasowski or someone at the candle desk.

Many of you may not be aware that the church has two cemeteries located in Hamilton, NJ, not far from the church. If you are interested in purchasing a plot (cost is \$1,000 including perpetual care) please speak with Father Volodymyr, Michael Toth, or a member of the Parish Council. Our parishioner and Altar Server, Logan Berck, along with other members of his Boy Scouts of America/New Egypt Troop, will beautify one side of our smaller cemetery where it adjoins with another cemetery. They will plant new shrubs and also install a bench near the Cross in the larger cemetery. This is Logan's Eagle Scout project, and the Parish thanks him and his fellow Scouts for volunteering to help beautify our cemetery grounds!

There will be a Men's Orthodox Fellowship Group meeting at 9:00 AM on Saturday July 27 in the church basement. All men of the parish are welcome!

#### **BIRTHDAYS THIS WEEK**

Rebeca Medina – July 14 Nina Laushell – July 15 Monia Pitra – July 18 Have a blessed birthday and may God grant you many years!

#### **COFFEE HOUR**

Hosts are responsible for providing and setting up the refreshments in Daria Hall at 9:00 AM and after Holy Communion, cleaning up after Coffee Hour including washing, drying and putting away dishes, taking out the trash, wiping down the tables, and cleaning up the Coffee Room including turning off and cleaning the coffee and tea pots. Hosts will be informed in advance if cream cheese, butter, or milk is needed. PLEASE NOTE: Your assigned Coffee Hour Support Person will provide guidance, however, the Support Person will leave Daria Hall at 9:55 AM to attend church services. If you have arrived late or are not finished, you will be provided the key to lock the Hall when you are leaving for church services. If you have any questions, please contact Melody Stavisky or Alla Strauss.

#### Tortilla chips & Salsa Hummus Sugar-free dessert Oreos (non-dairy) NOTE: Hosts may provide a luncheon for a specific event or holiday (panikhida, birthday, anniversary, holiday) with advance notice to reserve the specific date to host the event. The hosts will be responsible for all food preparation for such a luncheon. July 21 Chris Kasmer, Herman & Francine Meyer July 28 Tamara Karkusova, Ekaterina & Stanislav Uritsky Aug. 4 FAST Luwam Tesfa, Nebiat Tesfa **FAST** Nancy Mitsos, Darice Keyes Aug. 11 Ladies Assumption Altar Society Aug. 18 Aug. 25 Alex Godun, Blake & Jessica Kilgore Sept. 1 Tyler Burger, Awet Tesfa Sept. 8 Olga & James Bates, Tanya & Walter Tribbey Sept. 15 James & Monia Pitra, Anne Cheslock Sept. 22 ANNUAL PARISH PICNIC - NO COFFEE HOUR Sept. 29 Sami Bachir, Nour Ragab Virgiliu & Gabriela Plesa, Mihaela & Tiberiu Milosav Oct. 6 **ANNUAL TURKEY SOCIAL – NO COFFEE HOUR** Oct. 13 Oct. 20 Eleni Athanatos & Tom Sowanick, Alan & Mimi Berck Oct. 27 Sophie Dumas, Melissa Braun Matthew Anderson, Jeremy Salmon Nov. 3 Nov. 10 Galina Shubina, Amber Touch Fiyori Habtesillasse, Lemlem Woldearegay Nov. 17 Nov. 24 **FAST** Peter Abdallah, Jim Galcik

FAST Natalia Kolomatskaia, Trudy Ellmore

Valeria & Timothy Srock, Guy Radcliffe

Darice Keyes, Bill & Margie DiCicco

FAST Germain & Tahara Ortiz, Hannah Dougherty

FAST Vera Pschenyczny, Amleset Gebrekvistos

Aftan Chowansky, Alex & Brittani Brasowski

Desserts are available to use from the two freezers in Daria Hall

**SUGGESTED MENU:**Bagels / Breads
Donuts / Pastries

Fruit Salads

Dec. 1 Dec. 8

Dec. 15

Dec. 29 Jan. 5

Jan. 12

Have a healthy, blessed week!